



Locations Pakistan

Dates 01/02/2020 - 30/11/2022

Summary

Thirty-seven percent of Pakistan's population is already vulnerable to food insecurity. This figure will soon exacerbate given the effect of recent external challenges including the rapid spread of COVID-19 and its subsequent 24% drop in GDP, the impact of the 2021 monsoon season which was 20% below normal, government restrictions, and Pakistan's largest locust infestation which has destroyed areas of agricultural land. It would be critical to wheat, maize and other crops. Additionally, this infestation has led to extreme wheat price increases.

The problem

What we are doing

Results so far

Donors

CABI Project Manager



labour-saving cotton, which is production target only to import wheat for the winter crop (Rabi), native (RP) research made agricultural research sustainable food security.

<https://www.cabi.org/what-we-do/cabi-projects/>